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Dennis G. Dimagiba 26 ATENEO L.J. 87 (October 1981).

ALWD 7th ed.

Dennis G. Dimagiba, , 26 Ateneo L.J. 87 (1981).

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Dimagiba, D. G. (1981). Ateneo Law Journal, 26(1), 87-92.

Chicago 17th ed.

Dennis G. Dimagiba, "," Ateneo Law Journal 26, no. 1 (October 1981): 87-92

AGLC 4th ed.

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OSCOLA 4th ed.

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A SURVEY OF RECENT LEGISLATION

By DENNIS G. DIMAGIBA *

BP 122 3/10/81	An Act to Submit to the Filipino People, for Ratification or Rejection, the Amendments to the Constitution of the Philippines, Proposed by the Batasang Pambansa, Sitting as a Constituent Assembly, in Its Resolutions Numbered Two, Three, and One, and to Appropriate Funds Therefor.
BP 125 3/10/81	An Act Providing for the Election of president of the Philippines under the Constitution, as Amended, and Appropriating Funds Funds Therefor. (Applicable only to presidential election of 1981)
BP 126 4/28/81	 An Act Providing for the Accreditation of Political Parties or Groups and Defining Certain Rights or Privileges Thereof, and for Other Purposes. (Applicable only to presidential election of 1981)

(Other BPs involve: establishment of hospitals, change of certain public buildings, conversion of schools into universities, creation of a barangay)

BP 129 An Act Reorganizing the Judiciary, Appropriating Funds Therefor, and For Other Purposes.

Cabinet Bill No. 45

BP 130

An Act Amending Articles 214, 217, 231, 232, 234, 249, 250, 251, 257, 262, 263, 264, 265, 278, 283, and 284 of Presidential Decree Numbered Four Hundred and Forty-Two, Otherwise known as the Labor Code of the Philippines, as Amended, to Further Promote Free Trade Unionism and Collective Bargain-

ing and for Other purposes.

PD 1737 Granting emergency powers to the President/Prime Minister. 9/12/80

*Staff, Ateneo Law Journal

Under this decree, the President/Prime Minister, whenever in his judgment there exist a grave emergency or a threat or imminence thereof, is vested with the power to issue orders to meet the emergency, including but not limited to:

- i) preventive detention;
- ii) prohibit the wearing of certain uniforms and emblems;
- iii) restrain or restrict the movement and other activities of persons or entities to prevent them from acting in a manner prejudicial to the national security;
- iv) direct the closure of subversive publications or other forms of media;
- v) ban or regulate the holding of entertainment or exhibitions detrimental to the national interest;
- vi) control admissions to educational institutions whose operations are found to be prejudicial to the national security;
- vii) authorize the taking of measures to prevent damage to the viability of the economic system.

Any violations of the mandates of these orders issued by the President/Prime Minister shall be punishable by imprisonment from 30 days to 1 year.

The Decree further grants the President/Prime Minister the power to authorize the Minister of National Defense to issue search warrants for the seizure of any document or property subject of an offense or used or intended to be used as a means of committing an offense.

The Decree finally holds/the incumbent President/Prime Minister, any Cabinet member or any other public officer from from any criminal and civil liability for any act performed or order issued while in office pursuant to the provisions of this Decree.

PD 1790 Reserving to the President/Prime Minister Stand-by Authority to to Issue Wage Orders.

In the interest of social and economic stability, considering the continuous instability of wages and prices due to external factors beyond the nation's control, it is necessary that such powers be re-

tained by the President.

The determination of appropriate new minimum wage rates, allowances or other wage-related benefits whether on a national, regional or industry basis and the issuance of the corresponding wage orders may be done by the President in either of the following ways:

- at his own initiative and on the basis of urgent economic necessity;
- ii) upon recommendation of the National Wages Council based on its findings after continuous study of the wage rates that the prevailing minimum wages are no longer adequate to maintain the minimum standard of living necessary for the health, efficiency, and general well-being of the workers within the framework of the national development program.

PD 1807 1/16/81

Prescribing the Procedure Whereby the Republic of the Philippines
May Waive Sovereign Immunity from Suit and Other Legal
Proceedings With Respect to Itself or its Property in Connection with Foreign Obligations Contracted by it Pursuant to Law.

The Decree states in its "Whereas" clauses the following:

- in the pursuit of economic growth and development, it has become imperative for the Republic of the Philippines to enter into contracts or transaction with international banking, financial and other foreign enterprises;
- circumstances in the international market may require that sovereign states entering into contracts or transactions make express waivers of sovereign immunity in connection with such contracts or transactions.

The Decree provides that in instances where the law expressly authorizes the Republic of the Philippines to contract or incur a foreign obligation, it may consent to be sued in connection therewith. The President or his duly designated representative may, in behalf of the country, contractually agree to waive any claim to sovereign immunity from suit or legal proceedings and from set-off, attachment or execution with respect to its property, and to be sued in any appropriate

jurisdiction in regard to such foreign obligation.

For purpose of this Decree, a foreign obligation means any direct, indirect, or contingent obligation or liability capable of pecuniary estimation and payable in a currency other than Philippine currency.

PD 1755 12/24/80 Amending Article 1146 of the Civil Code

The transition from the period of Martial Law to that of normalcy in our present political situation requires the immediate and expeditious settlement of whatever disputes that may have arisen out of the proclamation of Martial Law, inclusive of actions for damages against public officers by those who feel agrieved by the action, activity or conduct of such public officers in the implementation of Martial Law.

Art. 1146 was amended to read as follows: "The following actions must be instituted within 4 years:

- 1) Upon injury to the rights of the plaintiff;
- Upon a quasi-delicti;

However, when the action arises from or out of any public officer involving the exercise of powers or authority arising from Martial Law including the arrest, detention and/or trial of the plaintiff, the same must be brought within one (1) year."

1764

Requiring complaince with competition bidding regulations and adoption of uniform general terms and conditions in case of certain government and private contracts.

1766 1/11/81 Conveying certain parcels of land of the public domain to the National Development Company for priority projects, establishing a special procedure for making available lands of the public domain for priority projects of the NDC and for other purposes.

17**67** 1/11/81 Empowering the President to determine the terms and conditions of power contract of the government with aluminum smelter projects and for other purposes.

1 78 9 1/16/81	A decree to revise, amend and codify the Investment, Agricultural and Export Incentives Acts to be known as the Omnibus Investments Code.
1800 1/16/81	Providing for the taxation of certain passive income.
1801 1/16/81	Establishing the Central Bank of the Philippines as the Central Monetary Authority.
1804 1/16/81	Prohibiting and penalizing the granting of permits for the holding of public rallies, demonstrations, assemblies and similar meetings to persons found guilty of rebellion, sedition, or subversion who have not been granted amnesty, therefor, and to persons charged with any of said crimes.
	This decree, in the interest of public order and safety, regulates the exercise of the power of local officials to grant permits to hold public rallies, mass demonstrations, assemblies and similar meetings.
	The penalty of prision correccional in its medium period to prision mayor in its minimum period shall be imposed upon the public officer or employee who violates the provision of this decree.
1810 1/16/81	Authorizing the continuance of the system of review by the President of contracts, franchises, permits and other forms of privileges granted by the State, established under PD 1677-A.
1812 1/16/81	Amending PD 464, as amended, otherwise known as the Real Property Tax Code, by granting special authority to the President to provide flexibility in the real property tax system to meet economic exigencies and/or promote the general welfare.
1818 1/16/81	Prohibiting courts from issuing restraining orders or preliminary injunctions in cases involving infrastructures and natural resources development projects of, and public utilities operated by the government.

Sec. 1 provides "No court in the Philippines shall have jurisdiction to issue any restraining order, preliminary injunction, or preliminary mandatory injunction in any case, dispute, or controversy involving an infrastructure project, or a mining, fishery, forest or other natural resources development project of the government, or any public utility operated by the government, including among others public utilities for the transport of the goods or commodities, stevedoring and arrastre contracts, to prohibit any person or persons, entity or government official from proceeding with, or continuing the execution or implementation of any such project, or the operation of such public utility, or pursuing any lawful activity necessary for such execution, implementation or operation.

1822 1/16/81 Providing for the trial by court martial of members of the Armed Forces charged with offenses related to the performance of their duties.